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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/493,917	01/28/2000	Chris Warren Patten	50N3426(3020/5)	2820	
27774 75	590 06/19/2002				
MAYER, FORTKORT & WILLIAMS, PC			EXAMINER		
251 NORTH AVENUE WEST 2ND FLOOR			YENKE, I	YENKE, BRIAN P	
WESTFIELD, 1	NJ 07090		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2614		
			DATE MAILED: 06/19/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
	lacksquare	09/493,917	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	PATTEN ET AL.
		BRIAN P VENKE	Art Unit
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication aport Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any I earne Status	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION, nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re- prepriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutely eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MON 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply oly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS e, cause the application to become ABANE g date of this communication, even if time!	NTH(S) FROM be timely filed o) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·	
2a) 🗌		nis action is non-final.	
3)□ Dispositi	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under on of Claims	ance except for formal matters Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 1	s, prosecution as to the merits is 1, 453 O.G. 213.
	Claim(s) $1-21$ is/are pending in the application		
'	la) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.	
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.		
7) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) 🗌 (8) Application	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	•
	he specification is objected to by the Examine	r	
	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep		lyomin
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) he held in abovance	Soc 27 CED 4 05(-)
11)[] T	he proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disap	
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	ly to this Office action	proved by the Examiner.
12)[] T	ne oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		
	der 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) 🗌 🛚 A	acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. & 119	3(a)-(d) or (f)
a)[_	All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	printing and a co.c. 3 110	o(a)-(a) or (i).
	. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received	
2	. Certified copies of the priority documents		ation No
	Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bur e the attached detailed Office action for a list of	ty documents have been rece	ived in this National Stage
14)∏ Ac	snowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 25 H.C.O. S. 444	ved.
a) [15) <u></u> Ac	knowledgment is made of a claim for domestic ☐ The translation of the foreign language prov knowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	isional application has been re	eceived
Attachment(s			
Notice o	f References Cited (PTO-892) f Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Information	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) al Patent Application (PTO-152)
Patent and Trade O-326 (Rev. (on Summary	Part of Paper No. 2

Art Unit: 2614

DETAILED ACTION

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 5, 7, 14 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

While applicant may be his or her own lexicographer, a term in a claim may not be given a meaning repugnant to the usual meaning of that term. See *In re Hill*, 161 F.2d 367, 73 USPQ 482 (CCPA 1947). The term "digital step" in claims 5, 7, 14 and 16 is used by the claim to mean "predefined number of centimeters/step," while the accepted meaning of step is part of a routine or sequence in the context of the claims as stated, it is not construed/interpreted as a "predefined number of centimeters/step" as disclosed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein

Art Unit: 2614

were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-21 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marflak et al., US 6,323,915 and Teraoka et al., US 5,537,149 and applicants admitted prior art.

In considering claims 1-2, 10-11 and 19-20,

- 1) the claimed receiving an image having a first aspect ratio...is met by video receiver 312 (Fig 3) which receives either a 16:9 or 4:3 video signal
- 2) the claimed displaying said image on a display having a second aspect ratio is met by display screen 322 (Fig 3) which is displays a video signal in the 4:3 format

However, Marflak remains silent on the display having sensors which detect the image. Marflak discloses a system which utilizes a edge/border modification signal in order to control the display system to display the received video signal into a modified aspect ratio.

The use of sensors on a display to control the displayed picture is well-known in the art. As disclosed by applicant's Fig 1, 2 which includes sensors 108/208, 110/210, 112/212 and 114/214 to ascertain the position of the displayed image and assist in the adjustment of the displayed picture.

Art Unit: 2614

Teraoka et al., US 5,537,149, discloses a Display Device which receives either a 4:3 or 16:9 video signal and displays the received signal on a 16:9 and 4:3 display device respectively. Teraoka discloses a system which expands or compresses the respective video signal, where the video signal is size adjusted to maintain the distance from the original vertical and horizontal center.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Marflak which discloses a system which receives either a 16:9 or 4:3 video signal on a 4:3 display, with conventional sensors as admitted by applicant's Fig 1, 2, in order to properly align/display the received signal while maintaining the center position of the original image as disclosed by Teraoka.

In considering claims 3, 12 and 21,

Marflak remains silent on a display which has a 16:9 aspect ratio. Marflak discloses display system which display either a 4:3 or 16:9 receive video signal on a 4:3 display device.

The displaying of a 4:3 aspect ratio on a 16:9 display is well-known in the art. As disclosed by Teraoka, which discloses the displaying of a received 4:3 and 16:9 video signal, onto a 16:9 and 4:3 display, respectively.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, to modify Marflak which discloses receiving both a 4:3 and 16:9 aspect ratio video signal and displays the signal on a 4:3 display, with

Art Unit: 2614

Teraoka et al, in order to properly display a received signal where a users display device is a 16:9 aspect ratio display.

In considering claims 4-9, and 13-18,

As stated above in claim 1, Marflak remains silent on the use of conventional sensors as disclosed in applicant's Fig 1 and 2. Marflak discloses a system which utilizes a edge/border modification signal in order to control the display system to display the received video signal into a modified aspect ratio.

The use of sensors on a display to control the displayed picture is well-known in the art. As disclosed by applicant's Fig 1, 2 which includes sensors 108/208, 110/210, 112/212 and 114/214 to ascertain the position of the displayed image and assist in the adjustment of the displayed picture.

Teraoka et al., US 5,537,149, discloses a Display Device which receives either a 4:3 or 16:9 video signal and displays the received signal on a 16:9 and 4:3 display device respectively. Teraoka discloses a system which expands or compresses the respective video signal, where the video signal is size adjusted to maintain the distance from the original vertical and horizontal center.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one or ordinary skill in the art, to modify Marflak, which discloses the conversion of a received first aspect ratio video signal, into a 2nd displayed aspect ratio, with applicant's admitted prior art and Teraoka, in order to determine the position of the adjusted 2nd aspect ratio video signal, by using conventional display sensors in order to maintain the

Page 6

center position, both horizontally and vertically, of the original 1st aspect ratio

receive signal.

In making the rejection with respect to claims 5, 7, 14, and 16 which were also rejected

under 35 USC 112, the examiner in this instance, is interpreting the claimed language

"digital step" as a measurement/distance.

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Brian Yenke whose telephone number is (703) 305-

9871. The examiner work schedule is Monday-Thursday, 0730-1830 hrs.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

Supervisor, John W. Miller, can be reached at (703)305-4795.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal

Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist). Any inquiry of a general nature or

relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the

Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is

(703)305-4700.

B.P.Y.

02 JUNE 2002

JOHN MILLER

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600